# **REVITALIZING OUR DEMOCRATIC FABRIC**

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# India is a successful functioning democracy

- Competitive elections
- Political freedoms for all
- Peaceful transfer of power and no retribution
- Real power with elected governments

#### **Two Spectacular Successes**

- Managing unmatched linguistic diversity (compare with the challenges in Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Belgium etc)
- True Federalism in a continental nation



#### But there are Challenges...

- Positive Power restricted
   Negative Power unchecked
- State organs are dysfunctional
- A system of alibis
   Victims of vicious cycle
- Change of players

No change in the rules of the game

Political process ought to be the solution
 But has become the problem itself



The process should attract the best talent into public life Public spirited, capable citizens should be electable through ethical means and rational methods

#### **THE 4 PURPOSES OF POLITICS**

There should be real choice to voters in terms of ideas and agenda A government once in office should be able to deliver on the agenda



# **Our delivery is appalling !**

Out of 49 large economies(GDP>\$200 bn), India ranks 45<sup>th</sup> or lower on every parameter of development in the company of Pakistan, Bangladesh and Nigeria.

R	ank	GDP Percapita (PPP)	Life Expectancy	IMR	MMR	OOP Expenditure in Healthcare	EYS (Expected Years of Schooling)	MYS(Mean years of Schooling)
	40	South Africa	Venezuela	Peru	Colombia	Indonesia	Malaysia	Turkey
	41	Peru	Bangladesh	Egypt	Peru	Iran	Egypt	Thailand
	42	Egypt	Egypt	Philippines	Venezuela	Philippines	South Africa	Brazil
	43	Indonesia	Russia	Indonesia	Philippines	Singapore	Indonesia	China
	44	Philippines	Indonesia	South Africa	Indonesia	Egypt	Vietnam	Colombia
L	45	India	Philippines	Bangladesh	South Africa	Pakistan	India (45)	Egypt
	46	Vietnam	India (46)	Iran	India (46)	India (46)	Philippines	<b>India</b> (46)
	47	Nigeria	Pakistan	India (47)	Bangladesh	Venezuela	Bangladesh	Nigeria
	48	Pakistan	South Africa	Pakistan	Pakistan	Bangladesh	Nigeria	Bangladesh
	49	Bangladesh	Nigeria	Nigeria	Nigeria	Nigeria	Pakistan	Pakistan



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Rank	HDI	Power Consumption (Kwh Per capita)	Percentage of population employed in Agriculture	LFPR (Labour Force Participation Rate) -Women
40	Colombia	Egypt	Egypt	South Africa
41	Egypt	Vietnam	Nigeria	Bangladesh
42	Indonesia	Peru	China	UAE
43	Vietnam	Colombia	Philippines	Italy
44	Philippines	Indonesia	Thailand	Turkey
45	South Africa	India (45)	Indonesia	India (45)
46	India (46)	Philippines	Vietnam	Pakistan
47	Bangladesh	Pakistan	Pakistan	Egypt
48	Pakistan	Bangladesh	Bangladesh	Saudi Arabia
49	Nigeria	Nigeria	<b>India</b> (49)	Iran







## **System Caught in Interlocking Vicious Cycles**

Inexhaustible demand for illegitimate funds

Most expenditure incurred for vote buying

Rise of political fiefdoms

Vote delinked from public good

Taxes delinked from services

Political survival and honesty incompatible

Social divisions exacerbated





other groups

based on primordial loyalties

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#### Vicious Cycle<u>s</u>

#### **Taxes Delinked From Services**









#### Importance of Rule of Law

Effective rule of law will accelerate change by :

- Enforcing accountability
- Preventing / checking abuse of authority
- Enforcing rights of the weak and poor
- Reducing incentives for criminals & corrupt to enter politics / capture the state
- Punishing corruption swiftly



#### Failure of Rule of Law

Police:	<ul> <li>Inadequacy of numbers – about 110 / one lakh population</li> <li>Crime investigation controlled by political partisanship</li> <li>Lack of professionalism</li> <li>Use of torture as an instrument of investigation &amp; extracting confessions</li> <li>Near absence of forensic infrastructure</li> </ul>
Prosecution:	Weak, politically controlled and with little say in investigation
Court system:	<ul> <li>Inadequate number (13 / million population)</li> <li>Inability to attract talent in trial courts</li> <li>Dilatory procedures</li> </ul>



#### Why States matter?

State is critical for citizens' welfare:

- rule of law
- basic amenities and services
- land management
- quality education and healthcare
- ease of doing business



Electoral outcomes are often products of people's response to State government

# The purpose of a government is to make it easy for people to do good and difficult to do evil.

- William Gladstone



## **1.** Direct elections to the executive in state to ensure :

- Clear separation of powers
- Fixed tenure and stability
- Cabinet chosen by the executive (outside the legislature)
- No nominated Governor
- No Article 356



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Ahead,

in our

context

The Way Ahead, in our context

## 2. Proportional Representation

- State as unit for PR threshold
- Multi-member constituencies having 6 to10 seats
- Each voter will have a single vote for a party of his/her choice.
- Each party will offer a list of candidates in order of preference
- Members are elected from party lists in each multi-member constituency
- Each elected member is allotted to an Assembly / Lok Sabha segment by preferential choice based on party vote share in the Multi-Member Constituency

#### **Merits of PR**

- Vote buying diminishes as marginal vote is not critical
- Competent and honest politicians with good image become electoral assets
- Rational, long-term policies can be pursued as marginal vote is unimportant
- National parties will be viable in all states
- Vote reflects voters' views
- Greater voter participation
- Voice and representation to all segments and views



#### **3. Genuine Empowerment of Local Governments**

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VOTE	<ul> <li>Public Good</li> <li>Reduced role of vote buying</li> <li>Participation of enlightened citizens</li> </ul>
TAXES	<ul> <li>Services</li> <li>Better Public policy</li> <li>Focus on infrastructure and nation building</li> <li>Better fiscal management</li> </ul>
AUTHORITY	<ul> <li>Accountability</li> <li>Better service delivery</li> <li>Greater legitimacy and democracy</li> </ul>

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- Sunnyvale & Cupertino are two cities in Bay Area of California on either side of Homestead Road
- Through all conditions are similar, property values of Cupertino are 40 – 50% higher
- Reason: School District in Cupertino has good reputation for outcomes. Only local residents (tax payers) can send kids to local public schools. Hence, greater demand for houses in Cupertino





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#### 4. Reforms in Rule of Law

- Separation of crime investigation
- Independent investigation commission under judicial supervision
- Independent District Attorneys drawn from trial court judges (Session Judges) on deputation for a fixed term
- Strong forensic infrastructure
- Increase number of judges / courts
- Indian Judicial Service
- Procedural reform for justice delivery



The Way Ahead, in our context



End of Presentation